Monitoring of Willow and Thomas creek watersheds following the Wallow Fire, 2011

Apache-Sitgre aves National Forests

Objectives:

- Determine the *effectiveness* of *aerial* seeding
- Evaluate changes in peak flows, runoffs and sediment yields
- Determine the sediment contribution from hillslopes compared to contribution from channel
 - How does it effect the overall budget for these watersheds?

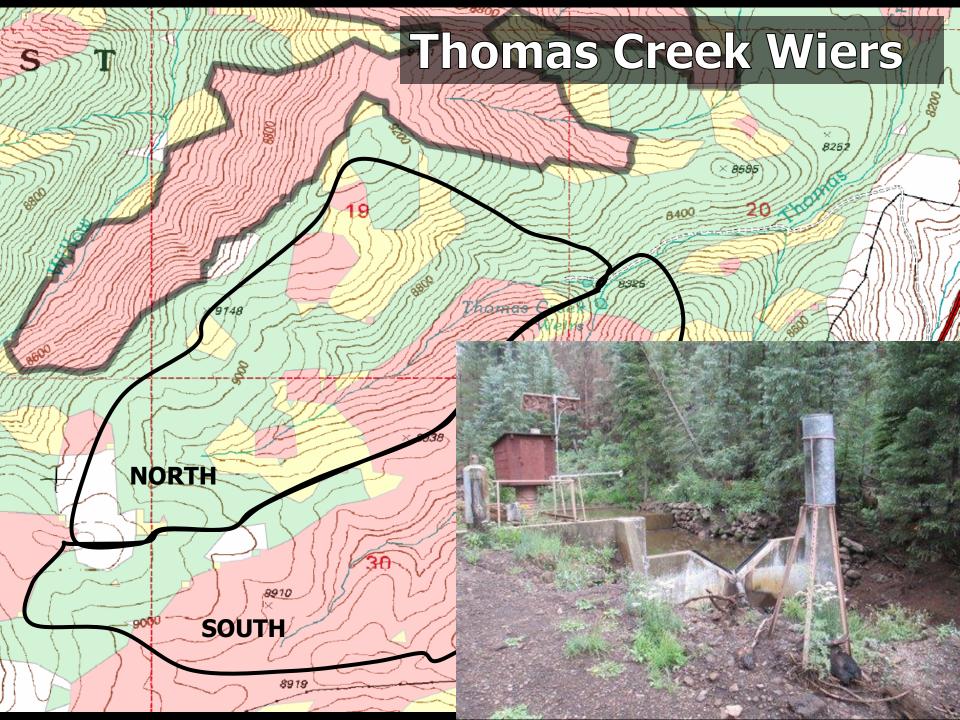


Willow Creek

- 300 acres
- 60% is high soil burn severity
- Objective:
 - High Soil Burn Severity
 - Evaluate peak flow, sediment yield, aerial seeding treatment
 - Twelve hillslope sediment fences on E and W aspects of the watershed each
 - Six will be treated via aerial seeding
 - Six are control
 - The seeding treatment will be monitored for at least 3 years
 - Low and Moderate Severity
 - Not treated

Willow Creek. 10 Aug 2011 Storm





Thomas Wiers

- South:
 - > 540 acres
 - Majority high soil burn severity
- North:
 - > 450 acres
 - > 40% high soil burn severity; 60% low and moderate soil burn severity
- Objective is to evaluate:
 - > Peak flow
 - > Runoff
 - Sediment yield

Cleaning Out Thomas Creek



Overall

- Twenty hillslope sediment fences
 - to compare sediment production rates of seeded and control areas
- Sites are telemetered sending flow and precipitation data
- Annual measurements of
 - ground cover
 - vegetation recovery
- Sediment : storage areas will be surveyed or cleaned after each major storm