

Ppo	Syal h.t.		A q f o
	Phma h.t.		
Psme	Caru h.t.	Caru	
		Aruv	
	Phma h.t.	Phma	
		Smst	
	Phma h.t.	Phma	
		Cooc	
	Libo h.t.	Libo	
		Xete	
	Asca h.t.	Asca	1
		Tabr	+
		Mefe	1
Abgr	Setr h.t.	6	
		Phma	
		Clun	
	Clun h.t.	Tabr	1
		Mefe	
		Xete	
	Xete h.t.	Vagl	
		Cooc	
	Clun	Clun	
	Clun h.t.	Tabr	
		Mefe	
		Xete	
	Asca h.t.	Asca	
		Tabr	
		Mefe	
	Gydr h.t.	1	
	Adpe h.t.		
	Atfi h.t.	Adpe	
		Atfi	+
	Opho h.t.		
	Clun	Clun	
	Clun h.t.	Arnu	
		Mefe	
		Xete	
	Asca h.t.	Asca	
		Arnu	
		Mefe	
Ishe	Gydr h.t.		
	Clun	Mefe	
	Clun h.t.	Xete	
		Mefe	
		Xete	
	Mefe h.t.	Luhi	1
	Stam	Mefe	
	h.t.	Luhi	
	Xete	Vagl	
	h.t.	Luhi	
	Clun	Clun	
	h.t.	Mefe	
		Xete	1
		1	
	Mefe	Cooc	
	h.t.	Xete	
		Vasc	
		Luhi	
	Stam	Mefe	1
	h.t.	Lica	1
	Caca		
	h.t.	Vaca	
		Legl	
	Xete	Cooc	
	h.t.	Vagl	
		Vasc	
		Luhi	1
Pico	Vasc h.t.		
	Xete c.t.		
	Vaca c.t.		



RANUNCULACEAE

Aquilegia formosa Fisch. *Aquilegia flavescens* Wats.

Aqfo

yellow columbine

FORM: Erect, deciduous, perennial forb.

Aqfo: 2-10dm (8-39in) tall.

Aqfl: 2-8dm (8-31in) tall.

LEAVES: Deciduous, mostly basal, trifernate, cuneate, thin, blue-green, 2-3 times lobed, 2-6cm (1-2in) long; caudine leaves alternate, progressively reduced up the stem.

FLOWERS: Several, showy, 5-merous, irregular flowers with slender, nearly straight spurs.

Aqfo: pale to deep red; May-Aug.

Aqfl: pale yellow; June-Aug.

FRUIT: Erect follicles usually 5 with hairy spreading tips, 2cm (1in) long.

SIMILAR SPECIES: *Thalictrum occidentale*, p.181.

HABITAT: Aqfo is generally found at lower elevations than Aqfl.

NOTES: Aqfo is more common than Aqfl, hybrids between the two species occur in the SW part of our range.